

### **Technical Document**

- FAQs
- Application Note

### Features

- Operating voltage: 2.7V~5.2V
- Built-in 32kHz RC oscillator
- External 32.768kHz crystal oscillator or 32kHz frequency source input
- Standby current: < 1μA at 3V, < 2μA at 5V
- Internal resistor type: 1/5 bias or 1/4 bias, 1/16 duty
- Two selectable LCD frame frequencies: 89Hz or 170Hz
- Max. 64×16 patterns, 64 segments and 16 commons
- Built-in bit-map display RAM: 2048 bits (=64×16×2 bits)
- Built-in internal resistor type bias generator
- Six-wire interface (four data wires)
- Eight kinds of time base/WDT selection
- Time base or WDT overflow output
- Applications
- Leisure products
- Games
- Personal digital assistant

## **General Description**

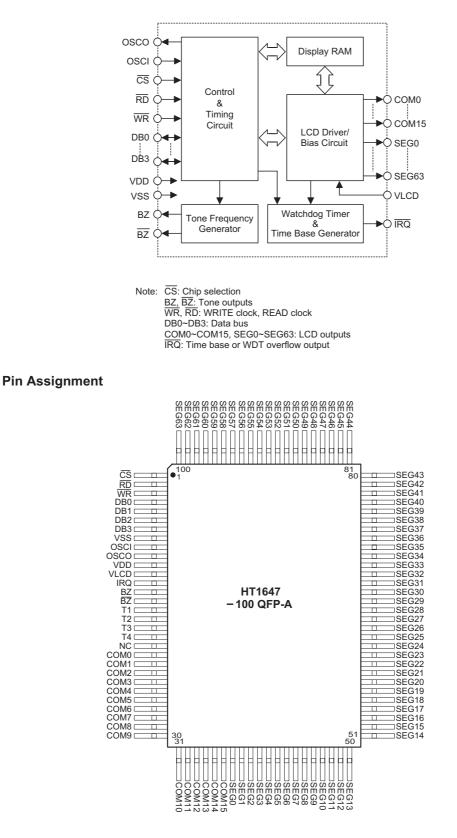
HT1647 is a peripheral device specially designed for I/O type MCU used to expand the display capability. The max. display segment of the device are 1024 patterns (64 segments and 16 commons). It also supports four data bits interface, buzzer sound, Watchdog Timer or time base timer functions. The HT1647 is a memory mapping and multi-function LCD controller. Since the HT1647 can control ECB-type (Electrically Controlled Birefringence) LCDs in addition to current TN-type (Twisted Nematic) or STN-type (Super Twisted Nematic) LCDs, it can support 4-color display as well as

- R/W address auto increment
- Built-in buzzer driver (2kHz/4kHz)
- · Power down command reduces power consumption
- Software configuration feature
- Data mode and Command mode instructions
- Three data accessing modes
- Provides VLCD pin to adjust LCD operating voltage
- Provides three kinds of bias current programming
- Control of TN-type, STN-type LCDs and ECB-type LCDs
- Four-level gray scale output for TN-type, STN-type LCDs panel
- Four-color output for ECB-type LCDs panel
- 100-pin QFP package and in chip form
- Cellular phone
- Global positioning system
- Consumer electronics

4-level gray scale display. It displays 4-level gray scale output when the HT1647 drives a TN-type, STN-type LCDs. It displays four color output when the HT1647 drives an ECB-type. HT1647 uses PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) technique. The software configuration feature of the HT1647 make it suitable for multiple LCD applications including LCD modules and display subsystems. Only six lines ( $\overline{CS}$ ,  $\overline{WR}$ , DB0~DB3) are required for the interface between the host controller and the HT1647.

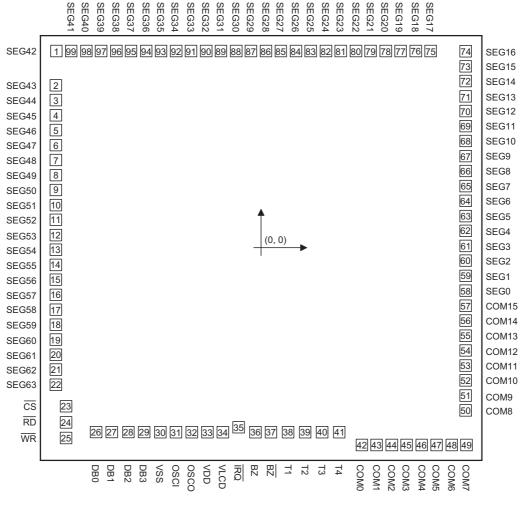


## **Block Diagram**





### **Pad Assignment**



Chip size:  $3865 \times 3770 (\mu m)^2$ 



### **Pad Coordinates**

Pad No.	Х	Y	Pad No.	Х	Y	Pad No.	Х	Y
1	-1774.50	1708.30	34	-331.40	-1600.00	67	1775.70	795.30
2	-1779.30	1409.80	35	-194.50	-1558.30	68	1775.70	927.10
3	-1779.30	1281.80	36	-48.00	-1600.00	69	1775.70	1055.10
4	-1779.30	1150.00	37	87.40	-1600.00	70	1775.70	1186.90
5	-1779.30	1022.00	38	235.20	-1600.00	71	1775.70	1314.90
6	-1779.30	890.20	39	383.40	-1600.00	72	1775.70	1446.70
7	-1779.30	762.20	40	530.40	-1600.00	73	1775.70	1574.70
8	-1779.30	630.40	41	678.60	-1600.00	74	1775.70	1706.50
9	-1779.30	502.40	42	875.00	-1712.30	75	1471.10	1708.30
10	-1779.30	370.60	43	1003.00	-1712.30	76	1343.10	1708.30
11	-1779.30	242.60	44	1134.80	-1712.30	77	1211.30	1708.30
12	-1779.30	110.80	45	1262.80	-1712.30	78	1083.30	1708.30
13	-1779.30	-17.20	46	1394.60	-1712.30	79	951.50	1708.30

Unit: µm



Pad No.	Х	Y	Pad No.	Х	Y	Pad No.	Х	Y
14	-1779.30	-149.00	47	1522.60	-1712.30	80	823.50	1708.30
15	-1779.30	-277.00	48	1654.40	-1712.30	81	691.70	1708.30
16	-1779.30	-408.80	49	1782.40	-1712.30	82	563.70	1708.30
17	-1779.30	-536.80	50	1775.70	-1411.10	83	431.90	1708.30
18	-1779.30	-668.60	51	1775.70	-1283.10	84	303.90	1708.30
19	-1779.30	-796.60	52	1775.70	-1151.30	85	172.10	1708.30
20	-1779.30	-928.80	53	1775.70	-1023.30	86	44.10	1708.30
21	-1779.30	-1056.80	54	1775.70	-891.50	87	-87.70	1708.30
22	-1779.30	-1189.00	55	1775.70	-763.50	88	-215.70	1708.30
23	-1690.00	-1375.40	56	1775.70	-631.70	89	-347.50	1708.30
24	-1690.00	-1515.40	57	1775.70	-503.70	90	-475.50	1708.30
25	-1690.00	-1651.00	58	1775.70	-371.90	91	-607.30	1708.30
26	-1430.20	-1599.90	59	1775.70	-243.90	92	-735.30	1708.30
27	-1294.80	-1599.90	60	1775.70	-112.10	93	-867.10	1708.30
28	-1149.50	-1599.90	61	1775.70	15.90	94	-995.10	1708.30
29	-1013.90	-1599.90	62	1775.70	147.70	95	-1126.90	1708.30
30	-872.80	-1600.00	63	1775.70	275.70	96	-1254.90	1708.30
31	-738.30	-1600.00	64	1775.70	407.50	97	-1386.70	1708.30
32	-600.10	-1600.00	65	1775.70	535.50	98	-1514.70	1708.30
33	-465.60	-1600.00	66	1775.70	667.30	99	-1646.50	1708.30

# **Pad Description**

Pad No.	Pad Name	I/O	Description
23	CS	I	Chip selection input with pull-high resistor. When the $\overline{CS}$ is logic high, the data and command read from or write to the HT1647 are disabled. The serial interface circuit is also reset. But if the $\overline{CS}$ is at a logic low level and is input to the $\overline{CS}$ pad, the data and command transmission between the host controller and the HT1647 are all enabled.
24	RD	I	READ clock input with pull-high resistor. Data in the RAM of the HT1647 are clocked out on the rising edge of the $\overline{\text{RD}}$ signal. The clocked out data will appear on the data line. The host controller can use the next falling edge to latch the clocked out data.
25	WR	I	WRITE clock input with pull-high resistor. Data on the DATA line are latched into the HT1647 on the rising edge of the $\overline{\rm WR}$ signal.
26~29	DB0~DB3	I/O	Parallel data input/output with a pull-high resistor
30	VSS		Negative power supply for logic circuit, ground
31	OSCI	I	The OSCI and OSCO pads are connected to a 32.768kHz crystal in order to
32	OSCO	0	generate a system clock. If the system clock comes from an external clock source, the external clock source should be connected to the OSCI pad. But if an on-chip RC oscillator is selected, the OSCI and OSCO pads can be left open.
33	VDD		Positive power supply for logic circuit
34	VLCD	I	Power supply for LCD driver circuit
35	ĪRQ	0	Time base or Watchdog Timer overflow flag, NMOS open drain output.
36, 37	BZ, BZ	0	2kHz or 4kHz frequency output pair (tristate output buffer)
38~41	T1~T4	Ι	Not connected
42~57	COM0~COM15	0	LCD common outputs
58~99, 1~22	SEG0~SEG63	0	LCD segment outputs



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Supply Voltage	V_{SS}=0.3V to V_{SS}+5.5V	Storage Temperature	–50°C to 125°C
Input Voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> –0.3V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3V	Operating Temperature	–25°C to 75°C

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.

# **D.C. Characteristics**

Ta=25°C

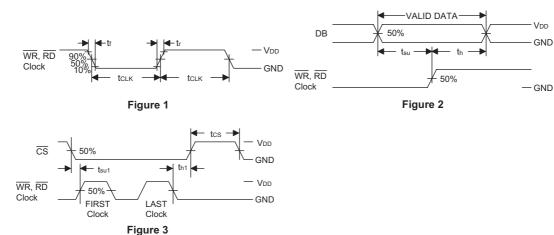
Sumbel	Peremeter		Test Conditions	Min.	Turn	Mox	Unit
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>DD</sub>	Conditions	win.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Voltage	_		2.7	_	5.2	V
1	On a matting of command	3V	No load/LCD ON	_	150	250	μA
I <sub>DD1</sub>	Operating Current	5V	On-chip RC oscillator	_	250	370	μA
I	Operating Current	3V	No load/LCD ON		135	200	μA
I <sub>DD2</sub>	Operating Current	5V	Crystal oscillator	_	200	300	μA
<b>I</b>	Operating Current	3V	No load/LCD OFF		15	30	μA
I <sub>DD11</sub>	Operating Current	5V	On-chip RC oscillator	_	50	70	μA
	On a matting Command	3V	No load/LCD OFF	_	2	10	μA
I <sub>DD22</sub>	Operating Current	5V	Crystal oscillator		3	10	μA
1	Oten dhu Qument	3V	Ne lead Davies davis stade	_	_	1	μA
I <sub>STB</sub>	Standby Current	5V	No load, Power down mode	_	_	2	μA
V/		3V		0	_	0.6	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage	5V	DB0~DB3, WR, CS, RD	0	_	1.0	V
V	Input High Voltage	3V		2.4	_	3	V
VIH		5V	DB0~DB3, WR, CS, RD	4.0		5	V
	BZ, BZ, IRQ Sink Current	3V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.3V	1.2	2.5		mA
I <sub>OL1</sub>		5V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V	3	6		mA
		3V	V <sub>OH</sub> =2.7V	-0.9	-1.8		mA
I <sub>OH1</sub>	BZ, BZ Source Current	5V	V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V	-2	-4	_	mA
		3V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.3V	1.2	2.5		mA
I <sub>OL2</sub>	DB0~DB3 Sink Current	5V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V	3	6	_	mA
		3V	V <sub>OH</sub> =2.7V	-0.9	-1.8		mA
I <sub>OH2</sub>	DB0~DB3 Source Current	5V	V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V	-2	-4		mA
		3V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.3V	80	160	_	μA
I <sub>OL3</sub>	LCD Common Sink Current	5V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V	180	360		μA
		3V	V <sub>OH</sub> =2.7V	-40	-80		μA
I <sub>OH3</sub>	LCD Common Source Current	5V	V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V	-90	-180		μA
la	LCD Segment Sink Current	3V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.3V	50	100		μA
I <sub>OL4</sub>	LCD Segment Sink Current	5V	V <sub>OL</sub> =0.5V	120	240		μA
	LCD Segment Service Course	3V	V <sub>OH</sub> =2.7V	-30	-60		μA
I <sub>OH4</sub>	LCD Segment Source Current	5V	V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V	-70	-140	_	μA
P	Dull high Decistor	3V		150	250	410	kΩ
R <sub>PH</sub>	Pull-high Resistor	5V	DB0~DB3, WR, CS, RD	60	125	210	kΩ



# A.C. Characteristics

Come la sel	Deversites		Test Conditions	N.42	<b>T</b>		11
Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
	System Clock		Conditions   3V   On-chip RC oscillator		32	40	kHz
fsys1			On-chip RC oscillator	24	32	40	kHz
		3V			32.768		kHz
f <sub>SYS2</sub>	System Clock	5V	Crystal oscillator	_	32.768		kHz
		3V		_	32		kHz
f <sub>SYS3</sub>	System Clock	5V	External clock source		32		kHz
		3V		61/117	89/170	111/213	Hz
f <sub>LCD1</sub>	LCD Frame Frequency	5V	On-chip RC oscillator	61/117	89/170	111/213	Hz
		3V			64		Hz
f <sub>LCD2</sub>	LCD Frame Frequency	5V	Crystal oscillator		64		Hz
		3V		_	64		Hz
f <sub>LCD3</sub>	LCD Frame Frequency		External clock source	_	64		Hz
t <sub>COM</sub>	LCD Common Period	_	n: Number of COM	_	n/f <sub>LCD</sub>		sec
						150	kHz
f <sub>CLK1</sub>	4-Bit Data Clock (WR Pin)	5V	Duty cycle 50%			300	kHz
		3V				75	kHz
f <sub>CLK2</sub>	4-Bit Data Clock (RD Pin)		Duty cycle 50%			150	kHz
t <sub>CS</sub>	4-Bit Interface Reset Pulse Width (Figure 3)		cs	_	250	_	ns
			Write mode	3.34			μs μs
		3V	Read mode	6.67		—	
t <sub>CLK</sub>	$\overline{WR}, \overline{RD}$ Input Pulse Width (Figure 1)		Write mode	1.67			
		5V	Read mode	3.34			
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Rise/Fall Time Serial Data Clock Width (Figure 1)	3V 5V		_	120		ns
		01/					
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup Time for DB to WR, RD Clock Width (Figure 2)	5V	_		120	-	ns
	Hold Time for DB to WR, RD Clock	3V					
t <sub>h</sub>	Width (Figure 2)	5V	_		120	-	ns
	Setup Time for $\overline{CS}$ to $\overline{WR}$ , $\overline{RD}$ Clock	3V					
t <sub>su1</sub>	Width (Figure 3)	5V	1 —		100		ns
t <sub>h1</sub>	Hold Time for CS to WR, RD Clock Width (Figure 3)				100		ns





### **Functional Description**

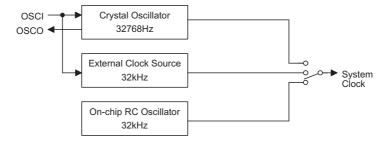
### System Oscillator

The HT1647 system clock is used to generate the time base/Watchdog Timer (WDT) clock frequency, LCD driving clock, and tone frequency. The clock source may be from an on-chip RC oscillator (32kHz), a crystal oscillator (32.768kHz), or an external 32kHz clock by the S/W setting. The configuration of the system oscillator is as shown. After the SYS DIS command is executed, the system clock will stop and the LCD bias generator will turn off. That command is available only for the on-chip RC oscillator or for the crystal oscillator. Once the system clock stops, the LCD display will become blank, and the time base/WDT loses its function as well.

The LCD OFF command is used to turn the LCD bias generator off. After the LCD bias generator switches off by issuing the LCD OFF command, using the SYS DIS command reduces power consumption, thus serving as a system power down command. But if the external clock source is chosen as the system clock, using the SYS DIS command can neither turn the oscillator off nor carry out the power down mode. The crystal oscillator option can be applied to connect an external frequency source of 32kHz to the OSCI pin. In this case, the system fails to enter the power down mode, similar to the case in the external 32kHz clock source operation. At the initial system power on, the HT1647 is at the SYS DIS state.

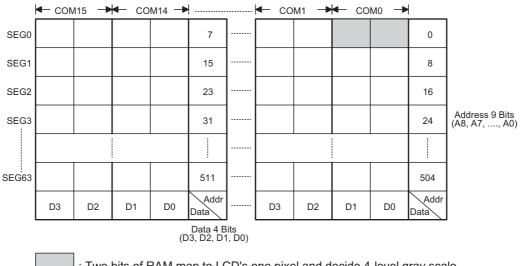
### **Display Memory – RAM Structure**

The static display RAM is organized into 512×4 bits and stores the display data. The contents of the RAM are directly mapped to the contents of the LCD driver. Data in the RAM can be accessed by the READ, WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE commands. The following is a mapping from the RAM to the LCD patterns.



System Oscillator Configuration





: Two bits of RAM map to LCD's one pixel and decide 4-level gray scale or 4-color display concurrently.

**Display Memory – RAM Structure** 

### Gray Scale Level Decision

HT1647 uses PWM technique to provide 4-level gray scale display. Two bits of RAM data code ((D3, D2) or (D1, D0)) decide one pixel level of LCDs, level 1~level divided by 4. Every level must be defined as one kind of gray scale by PWM data (namely B4~B0) previously.

RAM Data Code (D3, D2) or (D1, D0)	Choice Gray Scale Level
(1, 1)	Level 1
(1, 0)	Level 2
(0, 1)	Level 3
(0, 0)	Level 4

**RAM Data Defined Gray Scale Level** 

### **Frame Frequency**

HT1647 provides two kinds of frame frequency option by command code; 89Hz and 170Hz respectively. FRAME 89Hz provides 89Hz frame frequency and active segment signal width can be divided into 24 sections concurrently. FRAME 170Hz provides 170Hz frame frequency and active segment signal width can be divided into 13 sections concurrently. The 24 sections display a particularly gray scale more than the 13 sections by PWM data. The default is FRAME 89Hz.

### Gray Scale Display

If the user choose 89Hz frame frequency, a max. of 24 sections can be programmed to suit a satisfactory gray scale in every level. Similarly, if the user choose 170Hz frame frequency, a max. of 13 sections can be programmed to suit a satisfactory gray scale in every level. HT1647 provides 5-bit PWM data to control the length of the section. In other words, a max. Of 24 gray scales are generated by 5-bit binary PWM data. At FRAME 89Hz mode, the HT1647 only provides a max. of 24 adjustable gray scales although 32 is the expressed max. value by 5 bits binary code. When 5 bits binary code value is more than 23, the PWM control circuit uniformly regards 23. To increase PWM data indicates to increase the length of the active segment signal. The varied length of the active segment signal displays varied gray scale in TN-type, STN-type LCDs (refer to table 1). Similarly, it displays varied color in ECB-type LCDs. The color display is derived from ECB-type LCD specification. At FRAME 170Hz mode, the HT1647 only provides a max. of 13 adjustable gray scales although 32 is the expressed max. value by 5 bits binary code. When the 5 bits binary code value is more than 12, the PWM control circuit uniformly regards 12. The user must appoint four kinds of PWM data to four kinds of different gray scale level by commanding PWM data (refer to table 2).

Name	Command Code	Function
FRAME 170Hz	X <b>100</b> -0001-1000-XXXX	Select 170Hz frame frequency and active segment signal width can be divided into 13 sections
FRAME 89Hz	X <b>100</b> -0001-1101-XXXX	Select 89Hz frame frequency and active segment signal width can be divided into 24 sections

#### Frame Frequency Selection Command Code



### Relationship Table between PWM Data and Gray Scale

Value	5	bits I	PWN	l dat	PWM (ON width)	Gray Scale	
	B4	<b>B</b> 3	B2	B1	B0		-
0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0/23)	
1	0	0	0	0	1	1/23	
2	0	0	0	1	0	2/23	
3	0	0	0	1	1	3/23 4/23	
4	0	0	1	0	0	4/23	
5	0	0	1	0	1	5/23	
6	0	0	1	1	0	6/23	
7	0	0	1	1	1	7/23 8/23	
8	0	1	0	0	0	8/23	
9	0	1	0	0	1	9/23	
10	0	1	0	1	0	10/23	
11	0	1	0	1	1	11/23	
12	0	1	1	0	0	12/23	
13	0	1	1	0	1	13/23	
14	0	1	1	1	0	14/23	
15	0	1	1	1	1	15/23	
16	1	0	0	0	0	16/23	
17	1	0	0	0	1	17/23	
18	1	0	0	1	0	18/23	
19	1	0	0	1	1	19/23	
20	1	0	1	0	0	20/23	
21 22	1	0	1	0	1	21/23	
22	1	0	1	1	0	22/23	
23	1	0	1	1	1	1 (23/23)	
24	1	1	0	0	0	1 (24/23)	
31	1	1	1	1	1	1 (31/23)	

Table 1: FRAME 89Hz Mode

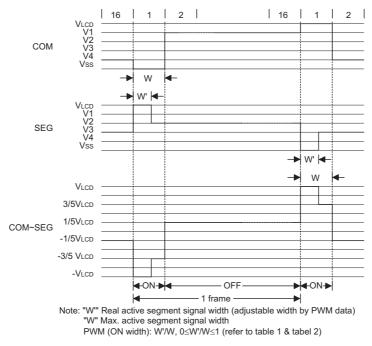
Value	5	bits	PWN	l dat	а	PWM	Gray Scale	
Varao	B4	<b>B</b> 3	B2	B1	B0	(ON width)		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0 (0/12)		
1	0	0	0	0	1	1/12		
2	0	0	0	1	0	2/12		
3	0	0	0	1	1	3/12		
4	0	0	1	0	0	4/12		
5	0	0	1	0	1	5/12		
6	0	0	1	1	0	6/12		
7	0	0	1	1	1	7/12		
8	0	1	0	0	0	8/12		
9	0	1	0	0	1	9/12		
10	0	1	0	1	0	10/12		
11	0	1	0	1	1	11/12		
12	0	1	1	0	0	1 (12/12)		
13	0	1	1	0	1	1 (13/12)		
31	1	1	1	1	1	1 (31/12)		

Table 2: FRAME 170Hz Mode

The color display derives from ECB-type LCD's specification.

Name	Command Code	Function
GRS LEVEL 1	X100-001 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	Set PWM data in gray scale level 1
GRS LEVEL 2	X100-010 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	Set PWM data in gray scale level 2
GRS LEVEL 3	X100-011 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	Set PWM data in gray scale level 3
GRS LEVEL 4	X100-100 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	Set PWM data in gray scale level 4

### Four Kinds of Gray Scale Level Command Code



### Example of Waveform (B Type) in 1/5 Bias, 1/16 Duty Cycle Drive

Note: The varied PWM data displays various gray scale in TN-type, STN-type LCDs.



#### Time Base and Watchdog Timer - WDT

The time base generator and WDT share the same counter which is divided by 256. The IRQ clock can be programmed as 1Hz, 2Hz, ...., 128Hz output. TIMER DIS/EN/CLR, WDT DIS/EN/CLR and IRQ EN/DIS are independent from each other. Once the WDT time-out occurs, the IRQ pin will remain at a logic low level until the CLR WDT or the IRQ DIS command is issued.

If an external clock is selected as the system frequency source, the SYS DIS command turns out invalid and the power down mode fails to be carried out until the external clock source is removed.

### **Buzzer Tone Output**

A simple tone generator is implemented in the HT1647. The tone generator can output a pair of differential driving signals on the BZ and  $\overline{\text{BZ}}$  which are used to generate a single tone.

By executing the TONE 4K and TONE 2K commands there are two tone frequency outputs selectable that can turn on the tone output. The TONE 4K and TONE 2K commands set the tone frequency to 4kHz and 2kHz, respectively. The tone output can be turned off by invoking the TONE OFF command. The tone outputs, namely BZ and  $\overline{\text{BZ}}$ , are a pair of differential driving outputs used to drive a piezo buzzer. Once the system is disabled or the tone output is inhibited, the BZ and the  $\overline{\text{BZ}}$  outputs will remain at low level.

### **Command Format**

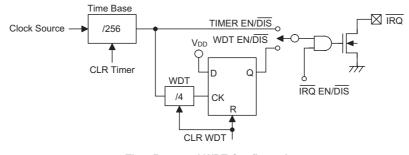
The HT1647 can be configured by software setting. There are two mode commands to configure the HT1647 resource and to transfer the LCD display data.

The configuration mode of the HT1647 is called command mode, and its command mode ID is 100. The command mode consists of a system configuration command, a system frequency selection command, an LCD configuration command, a tone frequency selection command, a bias current selection command, a gray scale level selection command, a timer/WDT setting command, and an operating command. The data mode, on the other hand, includes READ, WRITE, and READ-MODIFY-WRITE operations.

The following are the data mode ID and the command mode ID:

Operation	Mode	ID
READ	Data	110
WRITE	Data	101
READ-MODIFY-WRITE	Data	101
COMMAND	Command	100

If successive commands have been issued, the command mode ID can be omitted. While the system is operating in the non-successive command or the non-successive address data mode, the  $\overline{CS}$  pin should be set to "1" and the previous operation mode will also be reset. The  $\overline{CS}$  pin returns to "0", so a new operation mode ID should be issued first.



Time Base and WDT Configurations

Name	Command Code	Function
TONE OFF	<b>X100</b> -0000-1000-XXXX	Turn-off tone output
TONE 4K	X100-0001-0000-XXXX	Turn-on tone output, tone frequency is 4kHz
TONE 2K	<b>X100</b> -0001-0001-XXXX	Turn-on tone output, tone frequency is 2kHz

### Buzzer Tone Output Command Code

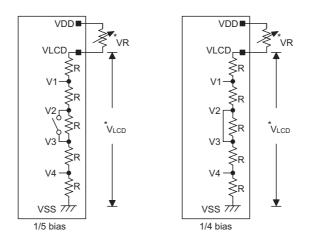


### **Bias Generator**

The HT1647 bias voltage belongs to internal resistor type. It provides two kinds of bias option named 1/5 bias and 1/4 bias respectively. It is recommended to select 1/5 bias to fit TN-type, STN-type LCDs and select 1/4 bias to fit ECB-type LCDs. It also provides three kinds of bias current option by programming to suitably drive an LCD panel. The three kinds of bias current are large,

middle, and small, respectively. Usually, large panel LCD can be excellently displayed by large bias current. Relatively, it consumes large current when LCD ON command is used. Small bias current provides low power consumption during On condition when the LCD is normally displayed. The following are the reference value table.

V <sub>LCD</sub>	Bias	Large Bias Current	Middle Bias Current	Small Bias Current
4V	1/5	300μΑ	100µA	40μΑ
4V	1/4	375µA	125µA	50μΑ



\* The voltage applied to VLCD pin must be lower than VDD \* Adjust VR to fit LCD display, at VDD=5V, VLcD=4V, VR=15k $\Omega$ ±20%

Internal Resistor Type Bias Generator Configurations

#### Interfacing

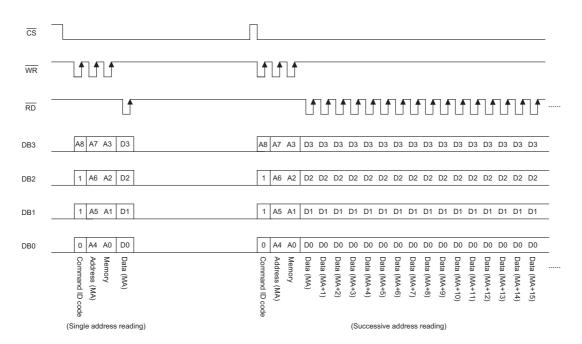
Only six lines are required to interface with the HT1647. The  $\overline{CS}$  line is used to initialize the serial interface circuit and to terminate the communication between the host controller and the HT1647. If the  $\overline{CS}$  pin is set to 1, the data and command issued between the host controller and the HT1647 are first disabled and then initialized. Before issuing a mode command or mode switching, a high level pulse is required to initialize the serial interface of the HT1647. The DB0~DB3 are the 4-bit parallel data input/output lines. Data to be read or written or commands to be written have to pass through the DB0~DB3 lines. The  $\overline{RD}$  line is the READ clock input. Data in the RAM are clocked out on the falling edge of the

 $\overline{\text{RD}}$  signal, and the clocked out data will then appear on the DB0~DB3 lines. It is recommended that the host controller read correct data during the interval between the rising edge and the next falling edge of the  $\overline{\text{RD}}$  signal. The  $\overline{\text{WR}}$  line is the WRITE clock input. The data, address, and command on the DB0~DB3 lines are all clocked into the HT1647 on the rising edge of the  $\overline{\text{WR}}$ signal. There is an optional  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  line to be used as an interface between the host controller and the HT1647. The  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  pin can be selected as a timer output or a WDT overflow flag output by the S/W setting. The host controller can perform the time base or the WDT function by connecting with the  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  pin of the HT1647.

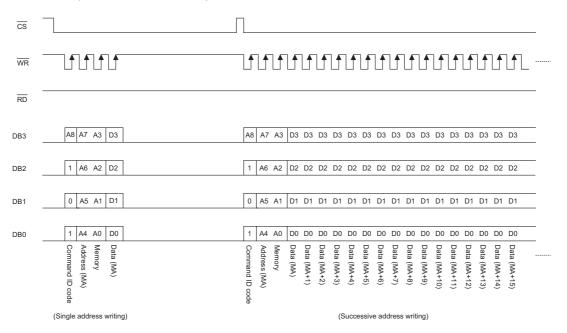


### **Timing Diagrams**

READ mode (command ID code : 1 1 0)

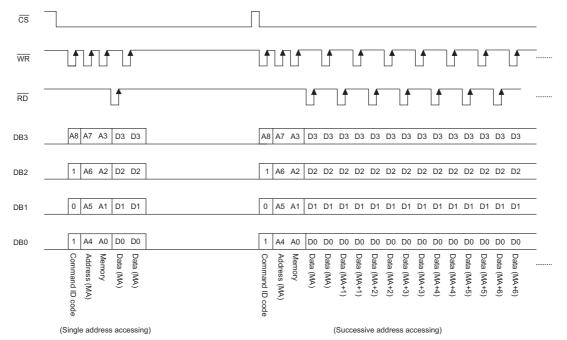


WRITE mode (command ID code : 1 0 1)

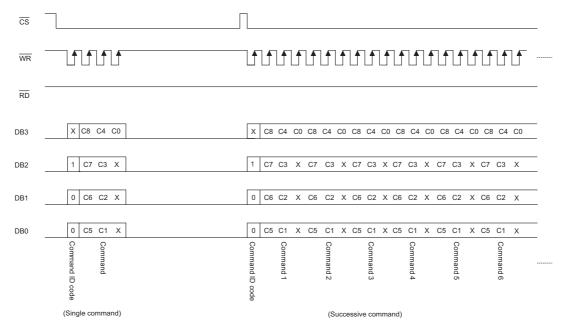




### READ-MODIFY-WRITE mode (command ID code : 1 0 1)



### Command mode (command ID code : 1 0 0)

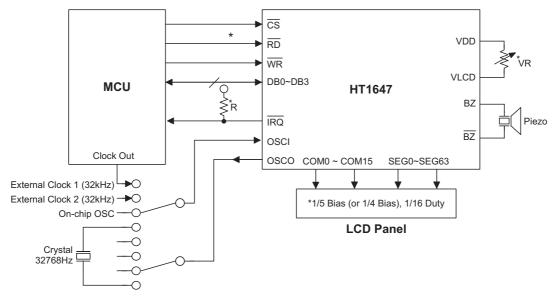






# **Application Circuits**

Host Controller with an HT1647 Display System



\*Note: The connection of  $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$  and  $\overline{\text{RD}}$  pin can be selected depending on the MCU.

The voltage applied to  $V_{\text{LCD}}$  pin must be lower than  $V_{\text{DD}}.$ 

Adjust VR to fit LCD display, at V\_DD=5V, V\_LCD=4V, VR=15k\Omega  $\pm$  20%.

It is recommended to select 1/5 bias to fit TN-type, STN-type LCDs and select 1/4 bias to fit ECB-type LCDs.

Adjust R (external pull high resistance) to fit user's time base clock.

Name	Command Code	D/C	Function	Def.
READ	A8110-A7A6A5A4A3A2A1A0D3D2D1D0	D	Read data from the RAM	
WRITE	A8101-A7A6A5A4A3A2A1A0D3D2D1D0	D	Write data to the RAM	
READ-MODIFY- WRITE	A8101-A7A6A5A4A3A2A1A0D3D2D1D0	D		
SYS DIS	X <b>100</b> -0000-0000-XXXX	с	Turn Off both system oscillator and LCD bias generator	
SYS EN	X100-0000-0001-XXXX	С	Turn On system oscillator	
LCD OFF	X100-0000-0010-XXXX	С	Turn Off LCD display	Yes
LCD ON	X100-0000-0011-XXXX	С	C Turn On LCD display	
TIMER DIS	X <b>100</b> -0000-0100-XXXX	С	Disable time base output	Yes
WDT DIS	X <b>100</b> -0000-0101-XXXX	С	C Disable WDT time-out flag output	
TIMER EN	X <b>100</b> -0000-0110-XXXX	С	C Enable time base output	
WDT EN	X <b>100</b> -0000-0111-XXXX	С	C Enable WDT time-out flag output	
TONE OFF	X <b>100</b> -0000-1000-XXXX	С	C Turn Off tone outputs	
CLR TIMER	X <b>100</b> -0000-1101-XXXX	С	C Clear the contents of the time base generator	
CLR WDT	X <b>100</b> -0000-1111-XXXX	С	C Clear the contents of the WDT stage	
TONE 4K	X <b>100</b> -0001-0000-XXXX	с	C Turn on tone output, tone frequency output: 4kHz	
TONE 2K	X <b>100</b> -0001-0001-XXXX	с	Turn on tone output, tone frequency output: 2kHz	

### Instruction Set Summary



Name	Command Code	D/C	Function	Def.
IRQ DIS	X100-0001-0010-XXXX	С	Disable IRQ output	
IRQ EN	X100-0001-0011-XXXX	С	Enable IRQ output	
RC 32K	X100-0001-0100-XXXX	С	System clock source, on-chip RC oscillator	
EXT (XTAL)	X100-0001-0101-XXXX	С	System clock source, external 32kHz clock source or crystal oscillator 32.768kHz	
LARGE BIAS	X <b>100</b> -0001-0110-XXXX	С	Large bias current option	Yes
MIDDLE BIAS	X <b>100</b> -0001-0111-XXXX	С	Middle bias current option	
SMALL BIAS	X <b>100</b> -0001-1000-XXXX	С	Small bias current option	
BIAS 1/5	X100-0001-1001-XXXX	С	LCD 1/5 bias option	Yes
BIAS 1/4	X100-0001-1010-XXXX	С	LCD 1/4 bias option	
FRAME 170Hz	X100-0001-1100-XXXX	с	Selects 170Hz frame frequency and active segment signal width can be divided into 13 sections	
FRAME 89Hz	X <b>100</b> -0001-1101-XXXX	с	Selects 89Hz frame frequency and active segment signal width can be divided into 24 sections	
GRS LEVEL1	X100-001 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	С	Sets PWM data in gray scale level 1	
GRS LEVEL2	X100-010 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	С	Sets PWM data in gray scale level 2	
GRS LEVEL3	X100-011 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	С	Sets PWM data in gray scale level 3	
GRS LEVEL4	X100-100 B4-B3 B2 B1 B0-XXXX	С	C Sets PWM data in gray scale level 4	
F1	X100-1010-0000-XXXX	С	C Time base clock output: 1Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 4s	
F2	X <b>100</b> -1010-0001-XXXX	С	C Time base clock output: 2Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 2s	
F4	X <b>100</b> -1010-0010-XXXX	С	C Time base clock output: 4Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1s	
F8	X <b>100</b> -1010-0011-XXXX	С	C Time base clock output: 8Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/2s	
F16	X <b>100</b> -1010-0100-XXXX	С	Time base clock output: 16Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/4s	
F32	X100-1010-0101-XXXX	С	Time base clock output: 32Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/8s	
F64	X100-1010-0110-XXXX	С	Time base clock output: 64Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/16s	
F128	X100-1010-0111-XXXX	С	Time base clock output: 128Hz The WDT time-out flag after: 1/32s	
TEST	X100-1111-1111-XXXX	С	<b>0</b>	
NORMAL	X <b>100</b> -1111-1110-XXXX	С	Normal mode	Yes

Note: "X" stands for don't care

A8~A0: RAM address

D3~D0: RAM data

B4~B0: PWM data

D/C: Data/Command mode

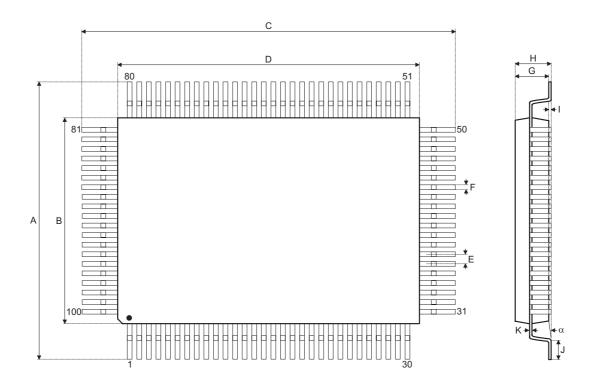
Def.: Power-on reset default

All the bold forms, namely **110**, **101**, and **100**, are mode commands. Of these, **100** indicates the command mode ID. If successive commands have been issued, the command mode ID except for the first command will be omitted. The tone frequency source and the time base/WDT clock frequency source can be derived from an on-chip 32kHz RC oscillator, a 32.768kHz crystal oscillator, or an external 32kHz clock. Calculation of the frequency is based on the system frequency sources as stated above. It is recommended that the host controller should initialize the HT1647 after power-on reset, otherwise, power on reset may fail, which in turn leads to the malfunctioning of the HT1647.



# Package Information

100-pin QFP (14×20) outline dimensions



Sumbol	Dimensions in mm			
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
A	18.80		19.20	
В	13.90		14.10	
С	24.80		25.20	
D	19.90		20.10	
E	_	0.65	_	
F	_	0.30	_	
G	2.50		3.10	
н	_		3.40	
1		0.10	_	
J	1		1.40	
К	0.10	—	0.20	
α	0°		<b>7</b> °	



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